

*Malus*

## **Malus** (*Rosaceae*)

### **Flowering apples**

Called “flowering apples” to distinguish them from “fruit” apples. These are famous for their spectacular spring blossom, followed by clusters of colourful fruits which last all through autumn, sometimes even throughout the winter. Their deciduous leaves are also often colourful. Needs deep, fresh, permeable, fertile soils. Can be grown as a bush (to be planted singly on lawns, used in groups or with other shrubs, especially if they bear fruit at the same time). Can also be grown into trees (to be planted singly on lawns, in groups, in parks or avenues).



#### **coccinella “Courtarrow”®**

Origin: France. Shrub or small tree with erect growth which broadens with age. Deciduous leaves are bronze-red in spring, bronze-green in summer. Large, simple flowers, magenta, later light pink. Small, bright red, long-lasting fruits.

#### **“Eleyi” (M. x purpurea “Eleyi”)**

Origin: England. Shrub or small tree with broad, rounded, flattened habit. Reddish green leaves turning browning red to vivid lical and again to deep green. Abundant, large, single flowers, wine-red. Mid-sized, dark red fruit.



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### **"Evereste"®**

Origin: France. Large shrub or small tree whose habit is between broadly pyramidal to ovoidal. Ovoidal leaves, 6-8 cm long, 4-6 cm broad, deep green with Della Robbia red petioles. Very abundant simple flowers, 3-4 cm broad, pure white when open, Della Robbia red in bud. Fruits: also abundant, long-lasting, 2-5 cm broad, from orange-red to Della Robbia red.

### **x floribunda**

Large deciduous shrub or small tree with long branches which spread out and weep in a very picturesque manner. Green leaves which turn orange-red in autumn. Spectacular, abundant, early flowering. The buds are red and then white tinted in pink and red when they open. Small fruits, at first yellow and then reddish.



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### **“Golden Hornet”**

Origin: England. Small tree or large shrub with regular, oval crown. Medium-sized oval, grey-green leaves. Violet-pink buds which open into flowers at first light violet, then immediately white. Very abundant, early, long-lasting, bright yellow fruits.

### **“John Downie”**

Origin: England. The most vigorous. Has a broad, airy crown, with branches cascading at ends. Large, ovoidal, glossy dark green leaves. Flowers are pink in bud, when open, large, white and simple. Very large fruits, red and yellowish orange.



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**"Neville Copeman"**  
**(*M. purpurea* "Neville Copeman")**

Large shrub or tree with broad roundish crown. Large (8-10 cm) glossy dark green leaves. Deep pink flowers. Large, round fruits, which become violet-red early on, mid-August.

**"Prof. Sprenger"**

Small tree or large deciduous shrub with conical-broad habit and fairly rapid growth. Leaves are deep green, yellow or red in autumn. Simple, white, rather late flowers. Fruits: orange-yellow, red where exposed to sun.



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**“Profusion”  
(*M. moerlandsii* “Profusion”)**

Origin: Holland. Shrub or tree with oval crown, made of numerous densely growing branches. Leaves are brownish-red, then green tinged with red. Very abundant flowers, from bluish-red to reddish-pink. Abundant large fruits, long-lasting, mid-red and yellowish orange.

**“Red Sentinel”**

Origin: New Zealand. Large shrub or small deciduous tree with erect, narrow crown and cascading lateral branches. Green, oval leaves on reddish petiole. Flowers are pale pink in bud, white, simple and broad when open. Abundant, rather large, very long-lasting fruits, bright orange or red.



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### **“Rudolph”**

Origin: Canada. Large shrub or small deciduous tree with broad erect crown. Oval leaves, 6-8 cm, initially deep brownish-red, becoming green in summer. Flowers are crimson red in bud, red or reddish-pink once open. Orange, not very long-lasting fruits. The most frost-resistant of the varieties we grow.